

## Open Cloud Computing Interface - Infrastructure Models

1. OCCI Infrastructure .....	1
1.1. Introduction .....	1
1.2. Example .....	1
1.3. Kinds .....	2
1.4. Extensions .....	5
2. Contributors .....	5
3. Intellectual Property Statement .....	6
4. Disclaimer .....	6
5. Full Copyright Notice .....	6

### Status of This Document

This document provides information to the Cloud and Grid community. Distribution is unlimited.

### Copyright Notice

Copyright (c) Open Grid Forum (2009,2010). All Rights Reserved.

### Abstract

This document is part of the Open Cloud Computing Interface (OCCI) specification document series. The OCCI document series describes what each OCCI compatible interface needs to provide. The overall OCCI specification itself is setup modular to be extensible and includes the following parts:

- The OCCI Core & Models
- The OCCI Infrastructure Models
- OCCI HTTP Header rendering
- (OCCI XHTML5/RDFa rendering) - *to be released*

Each of these parts is described in a separate document so the overall specification comes in the form of a document series. Where as this document describes the OCCI Infrastructure models.

All these parts and the information within are mandatory for implementors (unless otherwise specified). The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119.

## 1. OCCI Infrastructure

### 1.1. Introduction

OCCI Infrastructure defines three kinds and various extensions relating to management of cloud infrastructure services (IaaS). With the help of these kinds and possible extensions Virtual Machine deployment, management and monitoring can be described.

### 1.2. Example

```
> GET /us-east/webapp/vm01 HTTP/1.1
> User-Agent: occi-client/1.0 (linux) libcurl/7.19.4 OCCI/1.0
> Host: cloud.example.com
> Accept: */*
```

```
>
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Date: Sat, 10 Oct 2009 12:56:51 GMT
< Content-Type: application/ovf
< Link: </us-east/webapp/vm01;start>;
<   rel="http://purl.org/occi/action#start";
<   title="Start"
< Link: </networks/dmz>;
<   rel="http://purl.org/occi/kind#network";
<   title="DMZ";
<   address="192.168.0.1/24";
<   interface="eth0"
< Link: </storage/disk1>;
<   rel="http://purl.org/occi/kind#storage";
<   title="Quorum Disk";
<   device="sda"
< Link: </us-east/webapp/build.pdf>;
<   rel="related";
<   title="Documentation";
<   type="application/pdf"
< Category: compute;
<   label="Compute Resource";
<   scheme="http://purl.org/occi/kind#"
< Server: occi-server/1.0 (linux) OCCI/1.0
< Connection: close
<
< <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
...

```

### 1.3. Kinds

Cloud infrastructure can be modeled using three primary kinds: compute, network and storage.

Table 1. Kinds

Kind	URI	Description
compute	<a href="http://purl.org/occi/kind#compute">http://purl.org/occi/kind#compute</a>	Information processing resources
network	<a href="http://purl.org/occi/kind#network">http://purl.org/occi/kind#network</a>	Interconnection resources
storage	<a href="http://purl.org/occi/kind#storage">http://purl.org/occi/kind#storage</a>	Recorded information resources

#### 1.3.1. Compute

A compute resource is capable of conducting computations (e.g. a virtual machine).

##### 1.3.1.1. Attributes

The following attributes apply to this kind:

Table 2. Compute Attributes

Attribute	Type	Description
occi.compute.architecture	Enum (x86, x64)	CPU Architecture (e.g. x64)
occi.compute.cores	Float	Number of CPU cores (e.g. 1, 2)

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>occi.compute.hostname</code>	String	Valid DNS hostname for the resource.
<code>occi.compute.speed</code>	Float (10 <sup>9</sup> Hertz)	Clock speed in gigahertz (e.g. 2.4)
<code>occi.compute.memory</code>	Float (10 <sup>9</sup> bytes)	RAM in gigabytes (e.g. 1, 0.512)
<code>occi.compute.status</code>	Enum (active, inactive, suspended)	Status of the compute resource

### 1.3.1.2. Actions

A number of common states are defined:

**Table 3. Compute Actions**

Actions	Target State	Parameters
<code>http://purl.org/occi/action#start</code>	active	None
<code>http://purl.org/occi/action#stop</code>	inactive	<i>type</i> Enum ( <i>graceful</i> [default], <i>acpi</i> <i>off</i> , <i>poweroff</i> )
<code>http://purl.org/occi/action#restart</code>	active	<i>type</i> Enum ( <i>graceful</i> [default], <i>warm</i> , <i>cold</i> )
<code>http://purl.org/occi/action#suspend</code>	suspended	<i>type</i> Enum ( <i>hibernate</i> [default], <i>suspend</i> )

### 1.3.2. Network

A network resource is capable of transferring data (e.g. a virtual network or VLAN).

#### 1.3.2.1. Attributes

The following attributes apply to this kind:

**Table 4. Network Attributes**

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>occi.network.vlan</code>	Integer (0..4095)	802.1q VLAN ID (e.g. 4095)
<code>occi.network.label</code>	Token	Tag based VLANs (e.g. <i>external-dmz</i> )
<code>occi.network.address</code>	IPv4 or IPv6 Address (in CIDR notation)	Internet Protocol (IP) network address (e.g. 192.168.0.1/24, fc00::/7)
<code>occi.network.gateway</code>	IPv4 or IPv6 Address (in CIDR notation)	Internet Protocol (IP) network address (e.g. 192.168.0.1/24, fc00::1/64)
<code>occi.network.allocation</code>	Enum (auto, dhcp, manual)	Address allocation mechanism: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>auto</i> is handled automatically by infrastructure and/or guest agent</li></ul>

Attribute	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>dhcp</code> uses network-based allocation protocol(s)</li> <li>• <code>manual</code> requires preconfiguration or manual allocation</li> </ul>

### 1.3.2.2. Actions

A number of common states are defined:

**Table 5. Network Actions**

Actions	Target State	Parameters
<code>http://purl.org/occi/action#down</code>	inactive	None
<code>http://purl.org/occi/action#up</code>	active	None

### 1.3.3. Storage

A storage resource is capable of mass storage of data (e.g. a virtual hard drive).

#### Note

The actions defined here should trigger operations on e.g. virtual images. The implementation of these operations is left to Cloud Storage APIs and the corresponding Storage backend solutions.

#### 1.3.3.1. Attributes

The following attributes apply to this kind:

**Table 6. Storage Attributes**

Attribute	Type	Description
<code>occi.storage.size</code>	Float ( $10^9$ bytes)	Drive size in gigabytes (e.g. 40, 0.00144)
<code>occi.storage.status</code>	Enum ( <i>online</i> , <i>offline</i> , <i>degraded</i> )	Currenty status of the storage resource

#### 1.3.3.2. Actions

A number of common states are defined:

**Table 7. Storage Actions**

Actions	Target State	Parameters
<code>http://purl.org/occi/action#backup</code>	unchanged	None
<code>http://purl.org/occi/action#offline</code>	offline	None
<code>http://purl.org/occi/action#online</code>	online	None

Actions	Target State	Parameters
<a href="http://purl.org/occi/action#resize">http://purl.org/occi/action#resize</a>	unchanged	<i>size</i> float (10 <sup>9</sup> bytes)
<a href="http://purl.org/occi/action#snapshot">http://purl.org/occi/action#snapshot</a>	unchanged	None

## 1.4. Extensions

Various extensions provide for more advanced management functionality such as billing, monitoring and reporting.

## Bibliography

### Informative References

- [VHD] *CTX121652 Overview of the Open Virtualisation Format.* <http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX121652> [[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\\_of\\_device\\_bandwidths](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_device_bandwidths)]. .
- [RAW] *Wikipedia - Disk Image.* [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Disk\\_image](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Disk_image) [[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\\_of\\_device\\_bandwidths](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_device_bandwidths)]. .
- [OVF] *DSP0243 Open Virtualisation Format (OVF).* [http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published\\_documents/DSP0243\\_1.0.0.pdf](http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0243_1.0.0.pdf) [[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\\_of\\_device\\_bandwidths](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_device_bandwidths)]. .
- [ISO] *Wikipedia - ISO 9660.* [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ISO\\_9660](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ISO_9660) [[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\\_of\\_device\\_bandwidths](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_device_bandwidths)]. .
- [QCOW2] *QCOW2 Image Format.* <http://www.gnome.org/~markmc/qcow-image-format.html> [[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\\_of\\_device\\_bandwidths](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_device_bandwidths)]. .
- [VMDK] *VMware Virtual Disk Format.* <http://www.vmware.com/app/vmdk/?src=vmdk>. .
- [VDI] *Virtualbox Source Code - Virtual Disk Image (VDI).* <http://www.virtualbox.org/svn/vbox/trunk/src/VBox/Devices/Storage/VDICore.h>. .
- [VHD] *Microsoft Virtual Hard Disk (VHD) Image Format Specification.* <http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/virtualserver/bb676673.aspx> [[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\\_of\\_device\\_bandwidths](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_device_bandwidths)]. .
- [Wikipedia] *Wikipedia: List of device bandwidths.* [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\\_of\\_device\\_bandwidths](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_device_bandwidths). .

## 2. Contributors

The following people edited this document:

Table 8. List of editors

Name	Affiliation	Contact
Andy Edmonds	Intel - SLA@SOI project	andy at edmonds.be
Sam Johnston	Google	samj at samj.net
Thijs Metsch	Sun Microsystems - RESERVOIR project, Platform Computing	tmetsch at platform.com

The editors would like to thank the following contributors:

**Table 9. List of contributors**

<b>Name</b>	<b>Affiliation</b>	<b>Contact</b>
Michael Behrens	R2AD	behrens.cloud at r2ad.com
Randy Bias	Cloudscaling	randyb at cloudscaling.com
Richard Davies	ElasticHosts	richard.davies at elastichosts.com
Gary Mazzaferro	OCCI Counselour - Exxia, Inc.	garymazzaferro at gmail.com
Shlomo Swidler	Orchestratus	shlomo.swidler at orchestratus.com
Chris Webb	ElasticHosts	chris.webb at elastichosts.com

Next to these individual contributions we value the contributions from the OCCI working group.

### 3. Intellectual Property Statement

The OGF takes no position regarding the validity or scope of any intellectual property or other rights that might be claimed to pertain to the implementation or use of the technology described in this document or the extent to which any license under such rights might or might not be available; neither does it represent that it has made any effort to identify any such rights. Copies of claims of rights made available for publication and any assurances of licenses to be made available, or the result of an attempt made to obtain a general license or permission for the use of such proprietary rights by implementers or users of this specification can be obtained from the OGF Secretariat.

The OGF invites any interested party to bring to its attention any copyrights, patents or patent applications, or other proprietary rights which may cover technology that may be required to practice this recommendation. Please address the information to the OGF Executive Director.

### 4. Disclaimer

This document and the information contained herein is provided on an “As Is” basis and the OGF disclaims all warranties, express or implied, including but not limited to any warranty that the use of the information herein will not infringe any rights or any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.

### 5. Full Copyright Notice

Copyright (C) Open Grid Forum (2009,2010). All Rights Reserved.

This document and translations of it may be copied and furnished to others, and derivative works that comment on or otherwise explain it or assist in its implementation may be prepared, copied, published and distributed, in whole or in part, without restriction of any kind, provided that the above copyright notice and this paragraph are included on all such copies and derivative works. However, this document itself may not be modified in any way, such as by removing the copyright notice or references to the OGF or other organizations, except as needed for the purpose of developing Grid Recommendations in which case the procedures for copyrights defined in the OGF Document process must be followed, or as required to translate it into languages other than English.

The limited permissions granted above are perpetual and will not be revoked by the OGF or its successors or assignees.